

THE REVEALING OF MYSTERY OF THE SEVEN
SYMMETRICAL UNIVERSES IN
SEVEN-ONE LIGHT EXPERIMENT

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THE REVEALING OF MYSTERY OF THE SEVEN SYMMETRICAL UNIVERSES IN SEVEN-ONE LIGHT EXPERIMENT

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Abstract

In seven-one light experiment I have discovered is that different sizes of holes at any position within space reflects spot images are composed of seven different colors of light or seven different of the electromagnetic spectrum. This experiment show about the light behaves as seven different of universes is composed of seven different colors of light or seven different of the electromagnetic spectrum. The red light can be found in the electromagnetic spectrum between 625 and 740 nanometers. The orange light is found between 590 and 625 nanometers. The yellow light, lies in between 565 and 590 nanometers. The green light covers 520 up to 565 nanometers. The blue light is found between 450 and 520 nanometers. The indigo light lies in the range of 430 - 450 nanometers. And the violet light lies in between 380 – 430 nanometers in the electromagnetic spectrum.

Seven-one light experiment

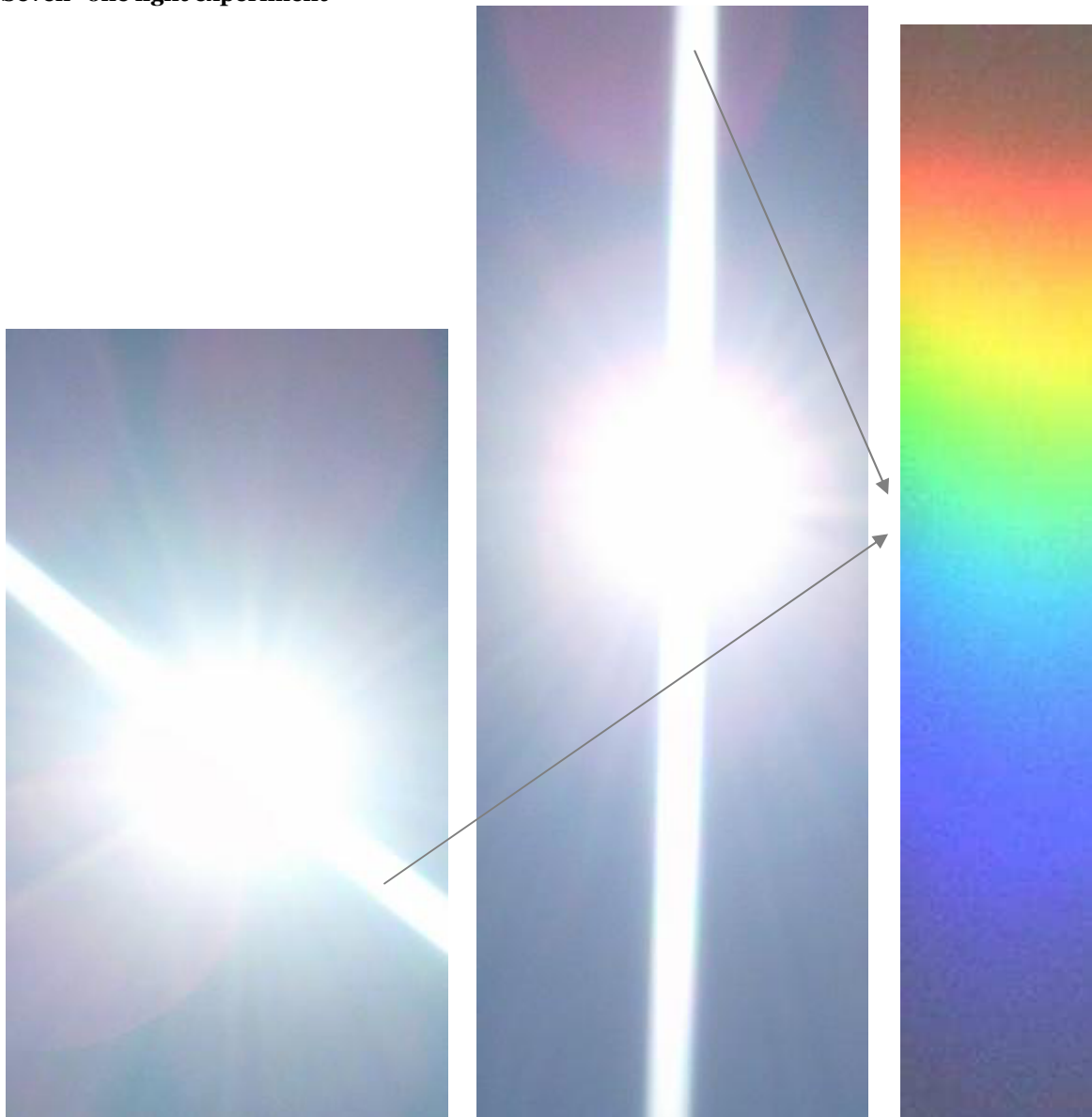


Figure 1: sunlight behaves as seven different of universes is composed of seven different colors of light or seven different of the electromagnetic spectrum.

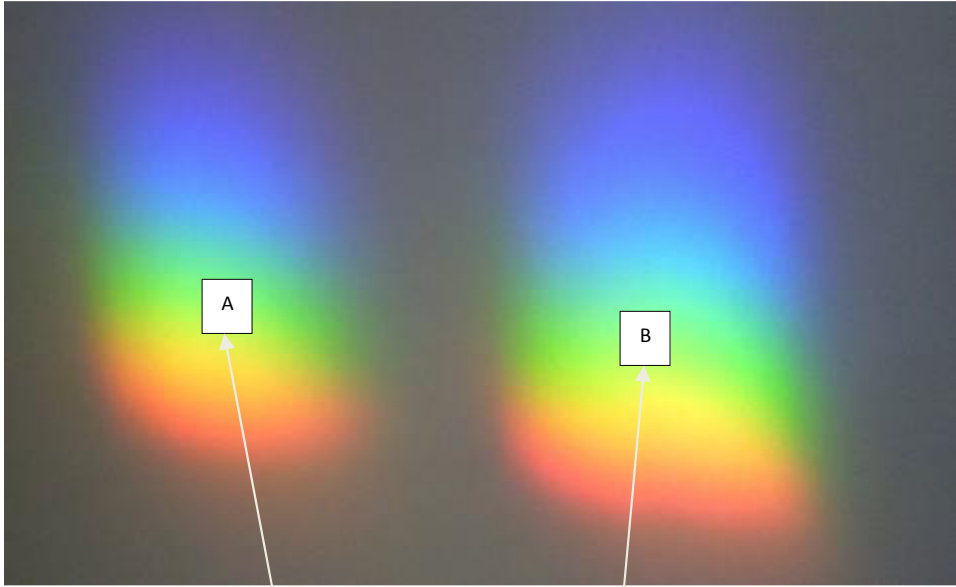


Figure 2: two sunlight images A and B on screen are 150 centimeters behind crystal

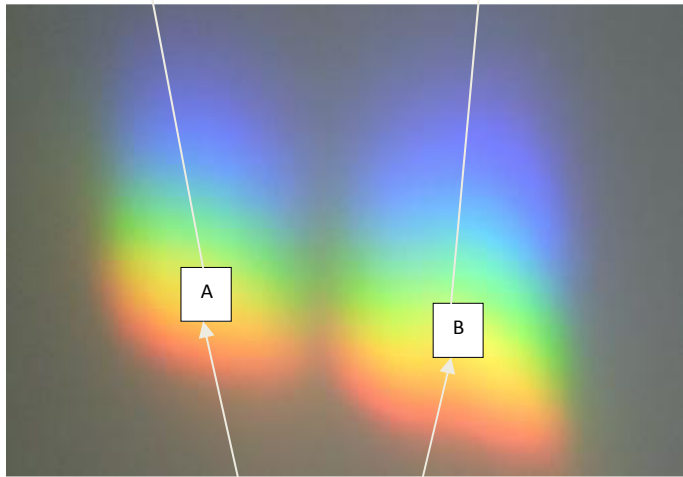


Figure 3: two sunlight images A and B on screen are 125 centimeters behind crystal

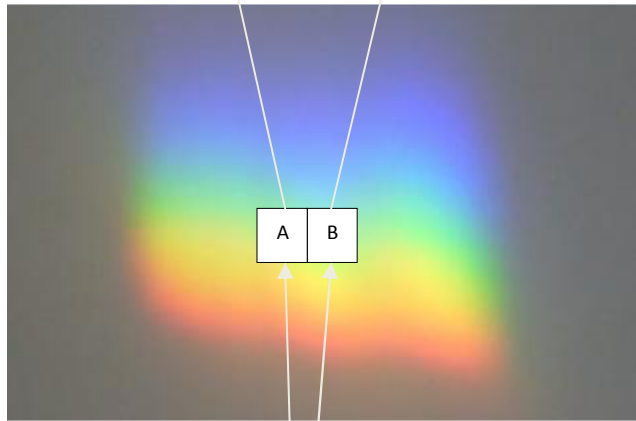


Figure 4: two sunlight images A and B on screen to become one image is 107 centimeters behind crystal

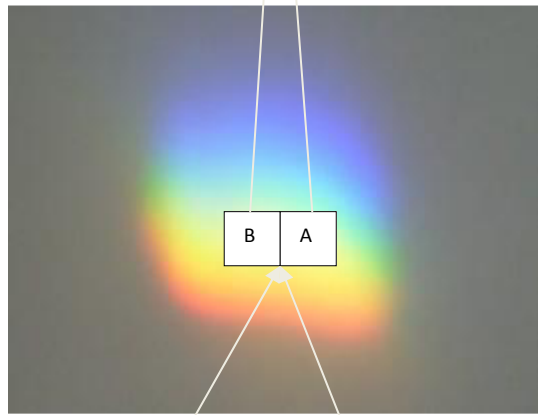


Figure 5: two sunlight images A and B on screen to become one image is 77 centimeters behind crystal

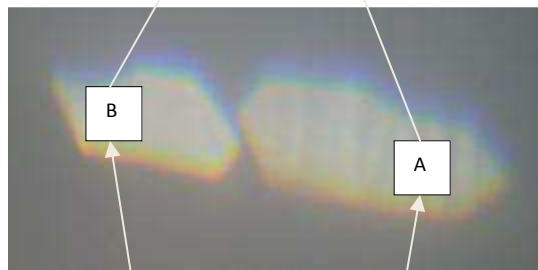


Figure 6: two sunlight images A and B on screen are 21 centimeters behind crystal

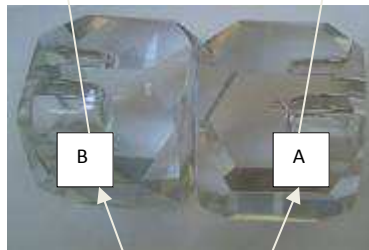


Figure 7: hexagonal crystal A and hexagonal crystal B



Figure 8: sunlight move through hexagonal crystal A and hexagonal crystal B

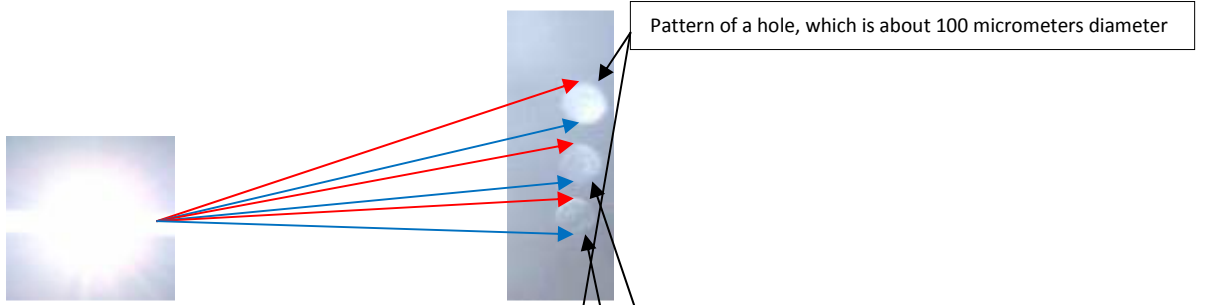


Figure 9: sunlight move through pattern of three holes

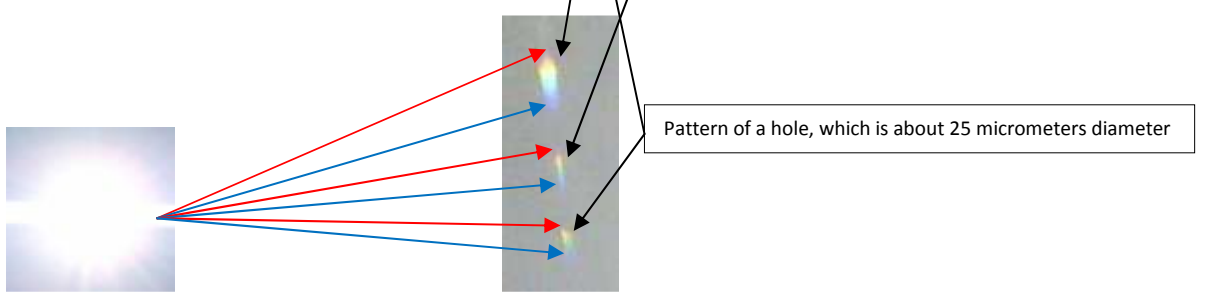


Figure 10: sunlight move through pattern reflects three spot images on hexagonal crystal

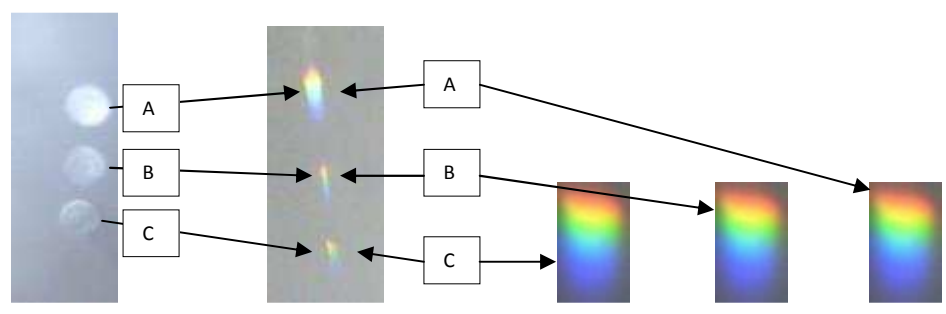


Figure 11: sunlight move through pattern of three holes A B and C, which are about 100 micrometers diameter, 50 micrometers diameter and 25 micrometers diameter (left) reflects three spot images A B and C on hexagonal crystal (middle). Spot images A B and C are composed of the red light can be found in the electromagnetic spectrum between 625 and 740 nanometers. The orange light is found between 590 and 625 nanometers. The yellow light, lies in between 565 and 590 nanometers. The green light covers 520 up to 565 nanometers. The blue light is found between 450 and 520 nanometers. The indigo light lies in the range of 430 - 450 nanometers. And the violet light lies in between 380 - 430 nanometers in the electromagnetic spectrum (right)

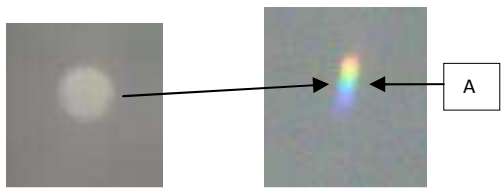


Figure 12: sunlight move through pattern of a hole, which is about 600 micrometers diameter (left) reflects spot image A on hexagonal crystal (right)



Figure 13: sunlight move through pattern of four holes

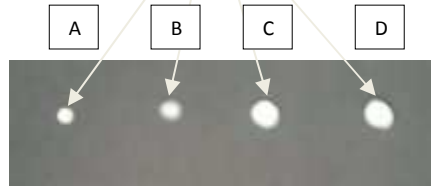


Figure 14: pattern of four holes A B C and D in paper, which are about 1000, 2000, 2600 and 3200 micrometers diameter.



Figure 15: sunlight move through pattern reflects spot images on hexagonal crystal. Crystal placed 1 cm behind pattern.



Figure 16: sunlight move through pattern reflects spot images on hexagonal crystal. Crystal placed 2 cm behind pattern.



Figure 17: sunlight move through pattern reflects spot images on hexagonal crystal. Crystal placed 3 cm behind pattern.



Figure 18: sunlight move through pattern reflects spot images on hexagonal crystal. Crystal placed 4 cm behind pattern.



Figure 19: sunlight move through pattern reflects spot images on hexagonal crystal. Crystal placed 5 cm behind pattern.



Figure 20: sunlight move through pattern reflects spot images on hexagonal crystal. Crystal placed 6 cm behind pattern.



Figure 21: sunlight move through pattern reflects spot images on hexagonal crystal. Crystal placed 7 cm behind pattern.

Conclusion

In seven-one light experiment I have discovered is that different sizes of holes at any position within space reflects spot images are composed of seven different colors of light or seven different of the electromagnetic spectrum. This experiment show about the light behaves as seven different of universes is composed of seven different colors of light or seven different of the electromagnetic spectrum. The red light can be found in the electromagnetic spectrum between 625 and 740 nanometers. The orange light is found between 590 and 625 nanometers. The yellow light, lies in between 565 and 590 nanometers. The green light covers 520 up to 565 nanometers. The blue light is found between 450 and 520 nanometers. The indigo light lies in the range of 430 - 450 nanometers. And the violet light lies in between 380 – 430 nanometers in the electromagnetic spectrum.

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